

23X402.2E

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FND TERM EXAMINATION MA

	BA/BCA/BBA/BCOM - II SEMESTER GH102.2E/GC202.2E/GA302.2E/GB402.2E: GENERIC	ENGLISH
Durati	on: 2 Hours	Max Marks: 60
Instru	ction: Answers should be written in English only.	
	PART – A	
Answe	r any EIGHT questions. Each question carries TWO marks.	$(8 \times 2 = 16)$
1.	Which book had been a constant source of inspiration for Meena?	
2.	Who arranged for the exchange of abducted women between India an	d Pakistan?
3.	Who planted the jamun tree in the short story The Jamun Tree??	
4.	What happened to Haripada, Subal and Fateh Ali?	
5.	Choose the correct word and rewrite the complete sentence.	
	a. Don't iron your clothes on the table; use an ironing	(board/bored).
	b. That lion has a beautiful (main/mane).	
6.	Read the following sentences and change them into reported speech.	
	a. Olena said to Andrew, "Bring me my rifle."	
	b. Tamal said to Naira, "When are you leaving?"	
7.	Read the sentences below and make the necessary changes.	
	a. The shepherd took his sheeps to the field.	
	b. Have you ever being to Kerala?	
8.	Change the meaning of the words below by adding a prefix.	•
	Adults often (approve) of the way teenagers (logical) because many of their rules don't make any	

a. The teachers were exhausted after a long day's work. (tired, interested, disappointed)

9. Find the appropriate synonym from the given option:

Page 1 of 4

- b. The news broadcast was <u>disrupted</u> by an important announcement. (stopped, interrupted, accompanied)
- 10. Add a suffix to the following word and frame a sentence with it:

Nature

PART - B

	PARI - B
Ansv	any FOUR questions. Each question carries SIX marks. $(4 \times 6 = 24)$
1	What is non-verbal communication? Write on any two types of non-verbal communication.
2.	Rohit calls up Rajat to make a plan for the weekend. Complete the dialogue between Rohit and Rajat by filling in the gaps.
3	Rohit:
	delays the cure at last cures her demands his fees lady refuses to pay, saying cure is not complete doctor objects lady says sight not restored as she cannot see all her furniture moral.
	Read the passage. Then answer the questions below.
	When we are young, we learn that tigers and sharks are dangerous animals. We might be scared of them because they are big and powerful. As we get older, however, we learn that sometimes the most dangerous animals are also the smallest animals. In fact, the animal that kills the most people every year is one that you have probably killed yourself many times: the mosquito.
	While it may seem that all mosquitoes are biters, this is not actually the case. Male

They need this blood to live and produce eggs. When a female mosquito bites a human being, it transmits a small amount of saliva into the blood. This saliva may or may not

contain a deadly disease. The result of the bite can be as minor as an itchy bump or as serious as death.

Because a mosquito can bite many people in the course of its life, it can carry diseases from one person to another very easily. Two of the most deadly diseases carried by mosquitoes are malaria and yellow fever. More than 700 million people become sick from these diseases every year. At least 2 million of these people will die from these diseases.

Many scientists are working on safer and better ways to kill mosquitoes, but so far, there is no sure way to protect everyone in the world from their deadly bites. Mosquito nets can be placed over beds to protect people against being bitten. These nets help people stay safe at night, but they do not kill any mosquitoes. Mosquitoes have many natural enemies like bats, birds, dragonflies, and certain kinds of fish. Bringing more of these animals into places where mosquitoes live might help to cut down the amount of mosquitoes in that area. This is a natural solution, but it does not always work very well. Mosquitoes can also be killed with poisons or sprays. Even though these sprays kill mosquitoes, they may also harm other plants or animals.

Although mosquitoes may not seem as scary as larger, more powerful animals, they are far more dangerous to human beings. But things are changing. It is highly likely that one day scientists will find a way to keep everyone safe from mosquitoes and the diseases they carry.

- 1) According to the author, some people are more afraid of tigers and sharks than mosquitoes because tigers and sharks.
 - a. kill more people than mosquitoes
- b. are big and powerful
- c. are found all over the world
- d. have no natural enemies
- 2) In paragraph 2 the author writes, "This saliva may or may not contain a deadly disease." The purpose of this statement is to:
 - a. oppose a previous argument
- b. question an upcoming conclusion
- c. confirm a hypothesis
- d. support a later statement
- 3) What is the primary source of nutrition for male mosquitoes?
 - a. animal blood

c. human saliva

b. plant nectar

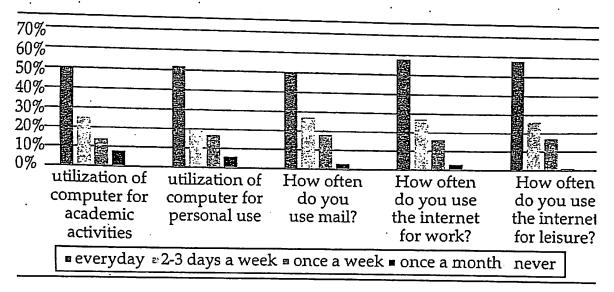
- d. dead plants
- 4) Which two deadly diseases are mentioned as being carried by mosquitoes?
 - a. malaria and dengue

- b. yellow fever and zika
- c. malaria and yellow fever
- d. dengue and West Nile virus
- 5) Which of the following best summarizes the information in paragraph 4?
 - a. Mosquito nets provide adequate protection from deadly mosquitoes.
 - b. Poisons and sprays provide adequate protection from deadly mosquitoes.

- c. The introduction of the mosquito's natural enemies provides adequate protection from deadly mosquitoes.
- d. There is no perfect solution to the mosquito problem.
- 6) Which of the following words best describes the author's overall attitude towards the prospect of solving the mosquito problem?
 - a. hopeless or dejected

d. hopeful or taking a favorable view

- b. extremely irritated or annoyed
- c. doubtful or uncertain
- 6. Write a paragraph based on the information provided below:



PART - C

Answer any TWO questions. Each question carries TEN marks

 $(2 \times 10 = 20)$

1. 'The Jamun tree can be interpreted as a biting satire on the treatment meted to poets in our society'. Discuss with reference to the chapter *The Jamun Tree*.

OR

- 'Women were subjected to horrific forms of sexual violence during partition, which question the positions of women in the patriarchal society'. Discuss with reference to the chapter *Lajwanti*.
- 2. The theme of racial segregation is central to the novella, *The Rabbit Proof Fence*. Discuss.

OR

Show the role that will power plays in Pilkington's The Rabbit Proof Fence.
